## IN THE CLAIMS:

The following claim listing will replace all previous listings of the claims:

- 1-73. (Canceled)
- 74. (Withdrawn) A method for producing in methylotrophic yeast, glycoproteins having carbohydrate structures similar to those produced by human cells, comprising providing a methylotrophic yeast strain, which does not express at least one enzyme involved in production of high mannose structures; and introducing into the yeast strain at least one enzyme for production of Man<sub>5</sub>GlcNAc<sub>2</sub>.
- 75. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 74, wherein said enzyme involved in production of high mannose structures is alpha-1,6-mannosyltransferase encoded by the OCH1 gene.
- 76. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 74, wherein said methylotrophic yeast strain is an OCH1 mutant strain.
- 77. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 76, wherein said OCH1 mutant strain is made by transforming a wild type methylotrophic yeast strain with the vector of claim 47.
- 78. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 74, wherein said enzyme for production of Man<sub>5</sub>GlcNAc<sub>2</sub> is a mannosidase or glucosidase.
- 79. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 78, wherein said mannosidase is  $\alpha$ -1,2-mannosidase.
  - 80. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 78, wherein said glucosidase is glucosidase II.
- 81. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 74, wherein said enzyme for production of Man<sub>5</sub>GlcNAc<sub>2</sub> is of a fungal origin or a mammalian origin.
  - 82. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 74, wherein said enzyme for production of

Man<sub>5</sub>GlcNAc<sub>2</sub> is targeted to a subcellular location in said methylotrophic yeast where it is optimal to produce Man<sub>5</sub>GlcNAc<sub>2</sub>.

- 83. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 82, wherein said subcellular location is the ER.
- 84. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 74, wherein said methylotrophic yeast is of the genera *Candida*, *Hansenula*, *Torulopsis*, or *Pichia*.
- 85. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 84, wherein said methylotrophic yeast is selected from *Pichia pastoris*, *Pichia methanolica*, *Pichia anomola*, *Hansenula polymorpha* or *Candida boidinii*.
- 86. (Withdrawn) A method for producing in methylotrophic yeast, glycoproteins having carbohydrate structures similar to those produced by human cells, comprising providing a methylotrophic yeast strain, which does not express at least one enzyme involved in production of high mannose structures; and introducing into the yeast strain at least one enzyme for production of Man<sub>5</sub>GlcNAc<sub>2</sub>, wherein said enzyme for production of Man<sub>5</sub>GlcNAc<sub>2</sub> is targeted to a subcellular location in said methylotrophic yeast where it is optimal to produce Man<sub>5</sub>GlcNAc<sub>2</sub>.
- 87. (Withdrawn) A method for producing in methylotrophic yeast, glycoproteins having carbohydrate structures similar to those produced by human cells, comprising providing a methylotrophic yeast strain, which does not express at least one enzyme involved in production of high mannose structures; and introducing into the yeast strain at least one enzyme for production of Man<sub>5</sub>GlcNAc<sub>2</sub>, wherein said enzyme for production of Man<sub>5</sub>GlcNAc<sub>2</sub> is targeted to a subcellular location in said methylotrophic yeast and wherein said subcellular location is the ER.
- 88. (Withdrawn) A method for producing in a methylotrophic yeast, glycoproteins having carbohydrate structures similar to those produced by human cells, comprising introducing into the yeast at least one enzyme for the production of Man<sub>5</sub>GlcNAc<sub>2</sub>, and producing said glycoproteins in said yeast.

- 89. (Withdrawn) A method for producing in methylotrophic yeast, glycoproteins having carbohydrate structures similar to those produced by human cells, comprising providing a methylotrophic yeast strain which does not express at least one enzyme involved in production of high mannose structures, and producing said glycoproteins in said strain.
- 90. (Currently amended) A genetically engineered strain of *Pichia*, wherein said strain is transformed with a vector capable of expressing a nucleotide sequence coding for a *T. reesei* α-1,2-mannosidase or a functional part thereof wherein said α-1,2-mannosidase or said functional part is genetically engineered to contain an ER-retention signal, in said strain, wherein said vector comprises a nucleotide sequence coding for said α-1,2-mannosidase or said functional part, and wherein the genomic Och1 gene in said strain is disrupted such that said strain fails to produce a functional Och1 protein, and wherein as a result of expression of said α-1,2-mannosidase or said functional part, said strain produces Man<sub>5</sub>GlcNAc<sub>2</sub> as a predominant N-glycan structure or a predominant intermediate N-glycan structure.

## 91. (Canceled)

- 92. (Currently amended) The strain of claim [[91]]90, wherein said ER-retention signal comprises the peptide HDEL (SEQ ID NO: 1).
- 93. (Previously presented) The strain of claim 90, wherein the nucleotide sequence coding for said  $\alpha$ -1,2-mannosidase or said functional part is operably linked to a promoter and a 3' termination sequence.
- 94. (Previously presented) The strain of claim 93, wherein said promoter is the promoter of a gene selected from the group consisting of AOXI, AOXII, GAP, and FLD.
- 95. (Previously presented) The strain of claim 90, wherein said strain is a *Pichia* pastoris strain.

# 96. (Canceled)

- 97. (Previously presented) The strain of claim 90, further transformed with a vector which comprises a nucleotide sequence coding for a glucosidase II or a functional part thereof.
- 98. (Previously presented) The strain of claim 97, wherein said glucosidase II is from a fungal species or a mammalian species.
- 99. (Previously presented) The strain of claim 98, wherein said fungal species is Saccharomyces cerevisiae.
- 100. (Previously presented) The strain of claim 97, wherein said glucosidase II or said functional part is tagged with an ER-retention signal.
- 101. (Previously presented) The strain of claim 100, wherein said ER-retention signal comprises the peptide HDEL (SEQ ID NO: 1).
- 102. (Previously presented) The strain of claim 97, wherein the nucleotide sequence coding for said glucosidase II or said functional part is operably linked to a promoter and a 3' termination sequence.
- 103. (Previously presented) The strain of claim 102, wherein said promoter is the promoter of a gene selected from the group consisting of AOXI, AOXII, GAP, and FLD.
- 104. (Currently amended) The strain according to any one of claims [[90-103]]90, 92-95 or 97-103, further transformed with a nucleic acid sequence coding for and capable of expressing a heterologous glycoprotein.
- 105. (Currently amended) A kit comprising a strain according to any one of claims [[90-97]]90, 92-95 or 97.
  - 106. (Currently amended) A method of producing a glycoprotein with reduced

glycosylation in *Pichia*, comprising obtaining a genetically engineered strain of *Pichia* according to any one of claims [[90-103]]90, 92-95 or 97-103, and producing said glycoprotein from said strain.

107. (Currently amended) A method of reducing glycosylation of a heterologous glycoprotein expressed in a *Pichia* strain, comprising transforming cells of said strain with a nucleotide sequence coding for a *T. reesei* α-1,2-mannosidase or saida functional part thereof wherein said α-1,2-mannosidase or said functional part is genetically engineered to contain an ER-retention signal, and with a nucleotide sequence comprising a portion of the genomic OCH1 gene of said strain operably linked to a selectable marker, such that said α-1,2-mannosidase or said functional part thereof is expressed in transformed cells, and the genomic OCH1 gene is said strain is disrupted, wherein said cells are also transformed with a nucleotide sequence coding for said heterologous glycoprotein; and producing said glycoprotein from the transformed cells, wherein said glycoprotein comprises Man<sub>5</sub>GlcNAc<sub>2</sub> as a predominant N-glycan structure or a predominant intermediate N-glycan structure.

## 108. (Canceled)

- 109. (Currently amended) The method of claim [[108]]107, wherein said ER-retention signal comprises the peptide HDEL (SEQ ID NO: 1).
- 110. (Previously presented) The method of claim 107, wherein the nucleotide sequence coding for said  $\alpha$ -1,2-mannosidase or said functional part is operably linked to a promoter and a 3' termination sequence.
- 111. (Previously presented) The method of claim 109, wherein said promoter is the promoter of a gene selected from the group consisting of AOXI, AOXII, GAP, and FLD.
- 112. (Previously presented) The method of claim 107, wherein the strain is a *Pichia pastoris* strain.

#### 113. (Canceled)

- 114. (New) The strain of claim 90, wherein the Och1 disruption is the sole genetic disruption of the Golgi mannosyl transferases acting in N-glycosylation of said strain.
- 115. (New) The method of claim 107, wherein the Och1 disruption is the sole genetic disruption of the Golgi mannosyl transferases acting in N-glycosylation of said strain.